

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mr. David Sallee, Town Manager

FROM: Bill Spikowski **DATE:** January 29, 2008

SUBJECT: Proposed Ordinance 07-04 – For Continuation of Second Public Hearing,

which began on November 19, 2007

This ordinance was initiated to make changes in the Land Development Code about specific lodging issues as recommended in the town's Evaluation/Appraisal Report.

The second public hearing on proposed Ordinance 07-04 began on November 19, 2007. That hearing was continued to allow drafting of new language as follows:

- 1. Parcelization [of lodging establishments] would not be defined by a simple change of ownership.
- 2. Subparagraph 34-636(c), which pertains to hotels and motels, would be deleted.
- 3. All references to two-family buildings and multifamily buildings (the existing parcelization provisions) would state that the compliance with flood plain requirements is not compliance for new construction.
- 4. Other changes may be needed to be consistent with the foregoing.

These changes have been made to the public hearing draft which was dated June 13, 2007. These changes are shown in the attached draft with <u>double-underlining</u> and with <u>red</u> ink so that they can be compared to the language considered at the previous public hearing.

Attachments: Revised draft of Ordinance 07-04, dated January 29, 2008

Minutes of the November 19 public hearing

cc: Town Clerk, Town Attorney, Community Development Director

REVISED DRAFT – JANUARY 29, 2008

ORDINANCE No. 07-04

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 34 OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE: PROVIDING AUTHORITY; ADOPTING AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 34 OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE WHICH IS TITLED "ZONING DISTRICTS, DESIGN STAN-DARDS, AND NONCONFORMITIES"; AMENDING SEC-TION 34-2 "DEFINITIONS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-621 "ALLOWABLE USES OF LAND DESCRIBED" INCLUDING AMENDMENTS TO TABLE 1 "LAND USES ASSIGNED TO USE GROUPS AND SUB-GROUPS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-636 "PARCELIZATION OR SUBDIVISION OF EXISTING BUILDINGS": AMENDING SECTION 34-1801 "DEFINI-TIONS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-1806 "REPLACING A NONCONFORMING HOTEL/MOTEL"; AMENDING SEC-TION 34-1807 "CONVERSIONS"; PROVIDING SEVER-ABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. AUTHORITY. This Ordinance is enacted pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 95-494, Laws of Florida, Chapters 163 and 166, Florida Statutes, and other applicable provisions of law.

SECTION 2. ADOPTION OF AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 34 OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE. Chapter 34 of the Town of Fort Myers Beach land development code is titled "ZONING DISTRICTS, DESIGN STANDARDS, AND NONCONFORMITIES." Chapter 34 is hereby amended as shown in Exhibit A. Entirely new language is indicated with <u>underlining</u>. Language being repealed from the existing code is indicated with <u>strike-throughs</u>. Existing language being retained is either omitted entirely or is shown without underlining or strike-throughs. This ordinance amends the following sections of Chapter 34:

Sec. 34-2.	Definitions.
Sec. 34-621.	Allowable uses of land described.
Sec. 34-636.	Parcelization or subdivision of existing buildings.
Sec. 34-1801.	Definitions and general requirements.
Sec. 34-1806.	Replacing a nonconforming hotel/motel.

Sec. 34-1807. Conversions of existing buildings.

SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY. If any one of the provisions of this ordinance should be held contrary to any express provision of law, or contrary to the policy of express law although not expressly prohibited, or against public policy, or for any reason whatsoever be held invalid, then such provision shall be null and void and shall be deemed separate from the remaining provisions of this ordinance, and in no way shall affect the validity of all other provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

The foregoi	ng ordinance was enacted by	the Town Council	upon a motion by Council
	and seconded by Counc		
put to a vote, the resul			-
	Mayor Dennis Boback Vice-Mayor Larry Kiker Herb Acken Charles Meador, Jr. Bill Shenko, Jr.	·	
DULY PASSED	O AND ENACTED thisth	day of	, 2008.
ATTEST:		TOWN OF FOR	T MYERS BEACH
By: Michelle Mayh	er, Town Clerk	By:	oback, Mayor
Approved as to form l	py:		
Anne Dalton, To	wn Attorney		

REVISED DRAFT – JANUARY 29, 2008

EXHIBIT A FORT MYERS BEACH LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE

CHAPTER 34 — ZONING DISTRICTS, DESIGN STANDARDS, AND NONCONFORMITIES

ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

Sec. 34-2. Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Bed-and-breakfast inn means a public lodging establishment with nine or fewer guest units that serves breakfast to overnight guests. A bed-and-breakfast inn may be located in a single building or in a cluster of separate buildings. See division 19 of article IV of this chapter.

Dwelling unit means a room or rooms connected together, which could constitute a separate, independent housekeeping establishment for a family, for owner occupancy, or for rental or lease on a weekly, monthly, or longer basis as specified in this code for various zoning districts, and physically separated from any other rooms or dwelling units which may be in the same structure, and containing sleeping and sanitary facilities and a kitchen. The term "dwelling unit" shall not include rooms in certain assisted living or continuing care facilities (see § 34-1415) or in lawful accessory apartments in owner-occupied homes (see § 34-1178(d)). See also Guest unit and Living unit.

Guest unit means a room or group of rooms in a hotel/motel or bed-and-breakfast inn that are designed to be used as temporary accommodations for one or more people traveling together. All guest units provide for sleeping and sanitation, although sanitation may be provided through shared bathrooms. Guest units may be equipped with a partial or full kitchen. See division 19 of article IV of this chapter.

Hotel/motel means a building, or group of buildings on the same premises and under single control, which are kept, used, maintained or advertised as, or held out to the public to be, a place where sleeping accommodations are supplied for pay to transient guests for periods of one day or longer. See division 19 of article IV of this chapter.

Living unit means any temporary or permanent unit used for human habitation. See Dwelling unit and Guest unit.

Parcelization means dividing a given unit of real property into multiple parcels, units, or fractions. Examples of parcelization include, but are not limited to, divisions of land, fractional or timeshare units for specific periods of time, condominiums, and cooperatives.

Resort means a mixed-use facility that accommodates transient guests or vacationers <u>as well</u> <u>as longer-term residents</u>. Resorts contain at least <u>one</u> <u>hotel/motel and at least</u> 50 <u>total</u> units, which <u>may</u> include a combination of dwelling units, <u>and</u> guest units and <u>may also include</u> timeshare units, and provide food service, outdoor recreational activities, and/or conference facilities for their guests.

Timeshare unit means any dwelling unit, guest unit, or living unit for which a timesharing plan, as defined in F.S. ch. 721, has been established and documented. See § 34-632 for determining density of timeshare units that include "lock-off accommodations."

Transient guest means any guest registered as provided for in F.S. § 513.01(7), for six months or less.

[no other changes to this section]

ARTICLE III, DIVISION 2. ALLOWABLE LAND USES IN EACH ZONING DISTRICT

Sec. 34-621. Allowable uses of land described.

- (a) Applicability. [no changes to this subsection]
- (b) *Use tables.* Table 34-1 of this article lists specific uses followed by a symbol indicating whether the use is permitted by right (P), special exception (SE), administrative approval (AA), existing only (EO), or temporary use permit (TP). In all instances, unless specifically noted to the contrary, the symbols used in the use regulations tables shall have the following meaning:

There are no changes to the text of this section; see the following underlined changes to Table 34-1:

- "RESIDENTIAL OPEN" category: add immediately below "Timeshare units": "(provided these units qualify as dwelling units and meet residential density levels in § 34-632)"
- "LODGING OPEN" category:
 - delete "or guest unit" from "Rental of any permitted dwelling unit or guest unit for periods of one day or longer"
 - add "<u>Timeshare units</u>" as a permitted principal use

	Residential		Lodging		Office		
Restricted	Community residential home Dwelling unit, single-family Home care facility AS ACCESSORY USES: Accessory apartment (1) (see § 34-1177)	P P P	Rental of any permitted dwelling unit to a single family during any onemonth period, with a minimum stay of one week (see §§ 34-2391–2410 for rules and exceptions) AS ACCESSORY USES:	P	AS ACCESSORY USES: Home occupation (no outside help)	P	Restricted
R	Accessory apartment (see § 34-1178) Residential accessory uses Temporary mobile home (§ 34-3046)	EO P TP			Home occupation (with outside help)	A	F
Limited (plus R 4	Dwelling unit: two-family (1) live/work (see § 34-1773) Mobile home or RV park (VILLAGE district only, as restricted in § 34-694) AS ACCESSORY USES: Accessory apartment (1) (see § 34-1177)	P SE EO	Rental of any permitted dwelling unit to a single family for periods of one week or longer (see §§ 34-2391–2410 for rules) Bed-and-breakfast inn (see § 34-1801) AS ACCESSORY USES: On-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages (see division 5 of article IV)	SE	AS ACCESSORY USES: Administrative office	P	Limited (plus R 🗗
Open (plus R & L uses)	Assisted living facility (see § 34-1411) Dwelling unit: multiple-family live/work (see § 34-1773) Rooming house Timeshare units (provided these units qualify as dwelling units and meet residential density levels in § 34-632) AS ACCESSORY USES:	P P P P	Bed-and-breakfast inn (see § 34-1801) Hotel/motel (see § 34-1801) Rental of any permitted dwelling unit or guest unit for periods of one day or longer Resorts Timeshare units AS ACCESSORY USES:	P P P P	Automobile rental Health care facility Offices, general or medical Personal services Wholesale establishment AS ACCESSORY USES:	SE P P P SE	Open (plus R & L us
(1868) (1868)	Golf course Recreation facility: private on-site private off-site Subordinate commercial uses	P SE P	Resort accessory uses Personal services Subordinate commercial uses (see § 34-3021)	P P P	Commercial accessory uses Drive-through, Type 1 (2) Subordinate commercial uses (see § 34-3021)	P P P	uses)

⁽¹⁾ Provided density complies with the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan (see § 34-632).

⁽²⁾ Automobile fuel pumps and all drive-throughs (whether Type 1 or Type 2) cannot be constructed within the outer perimeter of the DOWNTOWN zoning district except as provided in § 34-676(f), whether the subject property is classified in the DOWNTOWN zone or in a Commercial Planned Development zone. See also § 34-620(g)(1) regarding the prohibition on restaurant drive-throughs.

		Use		os a	nd Sub-Groups (p. 2 of 2)		
	Retail		Marine		Civic		
7					Beach or bay access	P	7
Restricted					Essential services (see § 34-1612(a))	P	Restricted
m					Hidden path	P	'n.
ct					Park, neighborhood	P	ct
ed	AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		ed
R	ATM	P	Dock (for sole use by occupants of principal use)	P	Family day care home	P	R
	Dwelling unit: work/live (see § 34-1774)	SE	Dock (for use by water taxi or water shuttle)	P	Communication tower (see § 34-1441–1550)	SE	<u>.</u> .
Liı	Membership organization	SE	Marina	EO/ SE	Day care center, adult or child	SE	Lii
mit	Recreation facilities, commercial	SE	Parasailing operations office	SE	Essential service building (see § 34-1612(b))	SE	imited
ec			Personal watercraft operations office	SE	Essential service equipment	P	ec
Limited (plus	Parking lot, seasonal (see § 34-2022) Temporary uses	TP SE	Rental of beach furniture	P	Recreation facility: private off-site public	SE P	(plus R uses)
R R	Temporary uses (see §§ 34-3041–3050)				Transit terminal	SE	; R 1
	AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		ıses)
•	On-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages (see §§ 34-1261–1290)	AA/ SE	Dwelling unit, caretaker Dock (may be leased to non- occupants of principal use)	P P	Dwelling unit, caretaker Restaurant, accessory to private rec. facilities only	P SE	•
	Automobile repair	SE	Boat dealer	P	Cultural facility	SE	
	Bar or cocktail lounge	AA/ SE	Marina	P	Day care center, adult or child	P	
q	Car wash Dwelling unit:	SE			Park, community or regional	P	q
er	work/live (see § 34-1774) Laundromat	P P			Parking lot, shared permanent	SE	en
1 (p	Mini-warehouse Parking lot, shared	SE			Place of worship	P	
lus	Parking lot, shared permanent (34-2015(2)b.) Personal services	SE P			Religious facility	SE	(plus R &
R &	Restaurant (2)	P			School (see § 34-2381–2383)	P	R &
en (plus R & L uses)	Retail store, small Retail store, large	P SE			Theater	SE	L uses)
	AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		AS ACCESSORY USES:		
0	Commercial accessory uses Drive-through: (2) Type 1	P P	Marina accessory uses	P	Helistop Restaurant, accessory only to public recreation facilities	SE P	0
	Týpe 2 Automobile fuel pumps (2)	SE SE			Subordinate commercial uses (see § 34-3021)	P	

⁽²⁾ Automobile fuel pumps and all drive-throughs (whether Type 1 or Type 2) cannot be constructed within the outer perimeter of the DOWNTOWN zoning district except as provided in § 34-676(f), whether the subject property is classified in the DOWNTOWN zone or in a Commercial Planned Development zone. See also § 34-620(g)(1) regarding the prohibition on restaurant drive-throughs.

ARTICLE III, DIVISION 3. EXPLANATION OF PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

Sec. 34-636. Parcelization or subdivision of existing buildings.

- (a) **Two-family building.** All of the following requirements must be satisfied before the required limited review development order can be issued for When a building owner proposes further parcelization or subdivision of land in the RC zoning district into separate lots and <u>/or</u> separating two lawfully existing dwelling units into individual parcels, all of the following requirements must be satisfied before the required limited review development order can be issued:
 - (1) The building cannot exceed the density limits of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan as they would apply to vacant land and the lots resulting from the subdivision must each conform to the dimensional regulations for lot size in the RC zoning district (see Table 34-3).
 - (2) The Existing buildings must do not need to be brought into complyiance with all floodplain requirements for new development, as provided in article IV of ch. 6 of this code.
 - (3) The entire building must meet the coastal construction requirements that apply to new development structures, as provided in article III of ch. 6 and in state regulations. Due to these requirements, habitable major structures and most minor structures must be located landward of the 1978 coastal construction control line (see §6-366).
 - (4) The individual dwelling units must be separated by walls with not less than at least 1-hour fire resistance rating as defined by the Florida Building Code.
 - (5) The development must meet all other requirements of this code, including Table 34-2.

- (b) Multiple-family building. All of the following requirements must be satisfied before the required limited review development order can be issued for When a building owner proposes further parcelization or subdivision of lawfully existing dwelling units, all of the following requirements must be satisfied before the required development order can be issued:
 - (1) The number of dwelling units in the existing building may exceed the density limits of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan as they would apply to vacant land, but may not exceed the number of lawfully permitted units. The burden to demonstrate the lawful nature of the units is on the applicant. If the number of dwelling units exceeds the density limitations of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan as they would apply to vacant land, the interior square footage of the building, as defined in §34-3238(2)d.1., may not be increased, but may be exchanged on a square-foot for square-foot basis to provide larger but fewer dwelling units within the same interior area.
 - (2) Existing buildings must do not need to be brought into complyiance with all floodplain requirements for new development, as provided in article IV of ch. 6 of this code.

 Owners of an existing buildings that cannot comply with these requirements may seek to replace their building by obtaining approval for pre-disaster buildback in accordance with § 34-3237.
 - (3) The entire building must meet the coastal construction requirements that apply to new development structures, as provided in article III of ch. 6 and in state regulations. Due to these requirements, habitable major structures and most minor structures must be located landward of the 1978 coastal construction control line (see §6-366).
 - (4) The individual dwelling units must be separated by walls with not less than at least 1-hour fire resistance rating as defined by the Florida Building Code.
 - (5) The development must meet all other requirements of this code, including Table 34-2.

- (c) **Hotels/motels.** The special parcelization requirements in this section that apply to two-family and multiple-family buildings do not apply to hotels/motels that are being parcelized.
- (c) Hotels/motels. All of the following requirements must be satisfied before the required limited review development order can be issued for further parcelization or subdivision of a lawfully existing hotel/motel to convert all or a portion of its guest units to timeshared guest units or to a hotel condominium:
- (1) The number of guest units in the existing building may exceed the density limits of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan as they would apply to vacant land, but may not exceed the number of lawfully permitted guest units. The burden to demonstrate the lawful number of guest units is on the owner. Each guest unit may be converted to no more than one parcelized guest unit. If the number of guest units exceeds the density limitations in the Fort Myers Beach comprehensive plans as they would apply to vacant land, the interior square footage of the building, as defined in § 34-3228(2)d.1., may not be increased, but may be exchanged on a square-foot by square-foot basis to provide larger but fewer guest units within the same interior area.
- (2) Existing buildings must be brought into compliance with all floodplain requirements for new development, as provided in article IV of ch. 6 of this code. Existing buildings that cannot comply with these requirements may seek to replace their building by obtaining approval for pre-disaster buildback in accordance with § 34-3237.
- (3) The entire building must meet the coastal construction requirements that apply to new development, as provided in article III of ch. 6 and in state regulations. Due to these requirements, habitable major structures and most minor structures must be located landward of the 1978 coastal construction control line (see §6-366).
- (4) The applicant must provide evidence that the proposed parcelized guest units will meet the standards of this code for hotels/motels. All sales agreements for guest units and the legal documents creating the parcelized arrangement must expressly incorporate each of the following requirements of this code:

- a. <u>Individual guest units are not residential</u>
 dwelling units and are limited to transient
 usage only.
- b. Individual guest units may be occupied in the same manner as hotel/motel units. The owner or owner's family may occupy the guest unit no more than 60 days in any year. "Owner or the owner's family" means the owner(s) of record, their children, and parents. "Year" means the period beginning October 1 and ending September 30 of each successive year.

Alternate:

60 days

could be

changed

to 120 days

- c. All guest units in the building, including the parcelized units, must continue to meet all requirements for a hotel/motel as provided in §§ 34-1801–1830.
- (5) Prior to execution, the legal documents
 creating the parcelized arrangement, and all
 amendments to those documents, must be
 submitted to the Town Attorney for review
 for consistency with these requirements and
 other requirements of this code.
- (6) The individual guest units must be separated by walls with at least 1-hour fire resistance rating as defined by the Florida Building Code.
- (7) The development must meet all other requirements of this code, including Table 34-2, except as to building height and except as otherwise provided by subsection (c) of this section.

ARTICLE IV, DIVISION 19. HOTELS, MOTELS, AND BED-AND-BREAKFAST INNS

Sec. 34-1801. Definitions <u>and general</u> requirements.

- (a) The following definitions from § 34-2 are repeated here for convenience:
 - (1) (a) Bed-and-breakfast inn means a public lodging establishment with nine or fewer guest units that serves breakfast to overnigh guests. A bed-and-breakfast inn may be located in a single building or in a cluster of separate buildings.:
 - (2) (b) Guest unit means a room or group of rooms in a hotel/motel or bed-and-breakfast inn that are designed to be used as temporary accommodations for one or more people traveling together. All guest units provide for sleeping and sanitation, although sanitation may be provided through shared bathrooms.

 Guest units may be equipped with partial or full kitchens.
 - (3) (c) Hotel/motel means a building, or group of buildings on the same premises and under single control, which are kept, used, maintained, or advertised as, or held out to the public to be, a place where sleeping accommodations are supplied for pay to transient guests for periods of one day or longer.
 - (4) (d) Lock-off accommodations means a single guest unit or living unit designed in such a manner that at least one room and a bathroom can be physically locked off from the main unit and occupied as a separate unit. Each portion may have a separate outside entry or share a common foyer with separate lockable interior doors, or may share a lockable door or doors separating the two units.

- (\underline{be}) Hotels/motels and bed-and-breakfast inns must:
 - (1) Be licensed as transient public lodging establishments registered accordingly with the Florida department of business and professional regulation; and are required to
 - (2) Pay the levied tourist development tax promulgated by the county: and the state sales tax; and
 - (3) Provide and staff a front desk during regular business hours to arrange for the rental of guest units; and
 - (4) Guest units may not be occupied by the same guest for more than 60 days in any year.

 "Guest" includes the guest's children and parents." "Year" means the period beginning October 1 and ending September 30 of each successive year.

Hotels/motels and bed-and-breakfast inns which do not meet these requirements will be subject to enforcement action (see § 34-266). are not registered with the department or do not pay the tourist tax. Proposed developments that will not meet these requirements will not be approved as hotels/motels or bed-and-breakfast inns; if approved instead as multiple-family buildings, they will be subject to the density limitations and property development regulations for multiple-family buildings.

- (c) Guest units in new hotels/motels and bed-and-breakfast inns may be sold as timeshare units or as hotel condominiums provided that they meet all requirements of this code for hotels/motels or bed-and-breakfast inns.
- (d) Guest units in existing hotels/motels and bedand-breakfast inns may be that are being parcelized to timeshare units or hotel condominiums provided they meet all requirements of this code for hotels/motels or bed-and-breakfast inns and do not need to comply with the special parcelization requirements of § 34-636(c).

Alternate:

60 days

could be

changed

Sec. 34-1806. Replacing a nonconforming hotel/motel.

- (a) A nonconforming hotel/motel can be replaced with a new building in one of the following manners:
 - (1) In full conformance with all current provisions of this code as they apply to a new hotel/motel on vacant land; or
 - (2) In the same manner as provided for enlargements to the various types of nonconforming buildings as provided in § 34-3234; or
 - (3) As provided in the pre-disaster buildback regulations found in § 34-3237 or the post-disaster buildback regulations found in § 34-3238.
- (b) If a nonconforming hotel/motel is being replaced by a multiple-family building, the existing number of guest units cannot be used as the basis for rebuilding more dwelling units than are permitted on undeveloped land by the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan. The equivalency factors in § 34-1803 are not applicable to replacement of an existing hotel/motel with a new multiple-family building.

Sec. 34-1807. Conversions of existing buildings.

- (a) Any hotel or motel proposing to parcelize its guest units to timeshare units or to a hotel condominium must does not need to comply with the special parcelization requirements of § 34-636(c).
- (b) Any hotel or motel proposing to convert its guest units to timeshare or dwelling units, or any residential building proposing to convert its dwelling units to timeshare or hotel/motel guest units, will be required to comply with density limitations of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan, all applicable parking regulations, and all other regulations of this code including equivalency factors that affect the allowable number of hotel/motel guest units. proposed use. If the existing hotel/motel, timeshare, or residential building being converted exceeds the density or intensity limits of the comprehensive plan or this code, the conversion must use the pre-disaster buildback regulations found in § 34-3237 or the post-disaster buildback regulations found in § 34-3238 in order to rebuild at up to the existing density or intensity. Interior square footage, as defined in § 34-3238(2)d. for residential and in § 34-3238(2)e for hotel/motel and timeshare, may be exchanged during this process on square-foot for square-foot basis.

Planning Coordinator, Frank Shockey presented the staff report. The request is to rezone approximately .35 acres from Residential Multifamily to Residential Planned Development to allow the property to be recombined and re-subdivided into two single family lots with deviations that would allow that lot division to take place, and single family residents on each lot.

Opened Public Comment

Public Comment was heard:

• Dennis Weimer, representing the LPA, stated that there were two issues that moved in the favor of the applicant, those being the applicant's commitment to bring the current resident's homes into compliance with current building codes, and the applicant's willingness to grant two easements that will help with storm water management.

Closed Public Comment

MOTION: Councilmember Shenko moved approval of Resolution 07-45, with the following; APPROVES; 1) DOES; 2) DOES APPROVE; 3) DOES APPROVE; 4) DOES APPROVE; 5) DOES APPROVE; II: 1) DOES; 2) IS; 3) ARE; 4) ARE; 5) MEET; 6) WILL; 7) a) WILL b) WILL c) WILL; 8) WILL; WILL; WILL. Councilmember Acken seconded the motion.

VOTE: Motion passed 5-0.

SECOND PUBLIC HEARING: Ordinance 07-04

Mayor Boback opened the public hearing. Attorney Dalton read the title.

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 34 OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE; PROVIDING AUTHORITY; ADOPTING AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 34 OF THE LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE WHICH IS TITLED "ZONING DISTRICTS, DESIGN STANDARDS, AND NONCONFORMITIES"; AMENDING SECTION 34-2 "DEFINITIONS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-621 "ALLOWABLE USES OF LAND DESCRIBED" INCLUDING AMENDMENTS TO TABLE 1 "LAND USES ASSIGNED TO USE GROUPS AND SUB-GROUPS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-636 "PARCELIZATION OR SUBDIVISION OF EXISTING BUILDGINGS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-1801 "DEFINITIONS"; AMENDING SECTION 34-1806 "REPLACING A NONCONFORMING HOTEL/MOTEL"; AMENDING SECTION 34-1807 "CONVERSIONS"; PROVIDING SEVERABILTY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Opened Public Comment

Public Comment was heard:

 Dennis Weimer expressed concerns about changes to the land development code and changes in property use. Tom Boback spoke about resort communities' needs to address parcelization, and the LPA's recommendations which passed unanimously.

Closed Public Comment

Mr. Bill Spikowski, Planning Consultant for the Town spoke to this ordinance, stating that the genesis was with the Town's Evaluation and Appraisal Report. After the August 13, 2007 first public hearing on this ordinance, Mr. Spikowski took the Council's recommendations and organized them into three groups as outlined in his memo dated October 11, 2007.

MOTION: Councilmember Acken moved to accept Ordinance 07-04, including alternative 1 c, and if needing to choose between 60 days and 120 days, to choose 120 days. Vice Mayor Kiker seconded the motion.

Town Clerk Michelle Mayher called the roll of the vote.

Councilmember Acken aye
Vice Mayor Kiker nay
Councilmember Meador nay
Councilmember Shenko nay
Mayor Boback nay

VOTE: Motion failed 4-1, with Vice Mayor Kiker, Mayor Boback, Councilmember Shenko and Councilmember Meador dissenting.

MOTION: Vice Mayor Kiker moved to send this ordinance back to Spikowski Planning Consultants and use the LPA at staff discretion. This motion died for lack of a second.

MOTION: Councilmember Meador moved to send this back to staff and the consultant, to clarify the LDC; parcelization will not be defined as a simple change of ownership, as to sub paragraph C as it pertains to hotels and motels be deleted entirely, reference to compliance with flood plain requirements is not compliance for new construction, and other changes consistent with the foregoing. Councilmember Shenko seconded the motion.

Town Clerk Michelle Mayher called the roll of the vote.

Councilmember Acken nay
Vice Mayor Kiker aye
Councilmember Meador
Councilmember Shenko aye
Mayor Boback aye

VOTE: Motion passed 4-1, with Councilmember Acken dissenting.

Recess: 6:00 PM – Reconvene 6:10 PM